

# From inflammation to remission: Updates in adult asthma management

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MedNet21

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# **Objectives**

- Apply evidence-based management of mild asthma, with a focus on AIR and MART therapy
- Identify and differentiate difficult-to-treat asthma from severe asthma
- Understand role of biologics in the treatment of severe asthma, with a potential to achieve clinical remission

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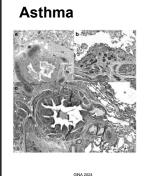
# **Pediatric Objectives**

- Recognize appropriate candidates for single maintenance and reliever therapy in a pediatric patient.
- Apply evidence-based medication management for intermittent asthma in a pediatric patient.
- Understand that there are multiple therapy options to treat pediatric asthma and therapy needs to be customized to the patient.

### **Disclosures**

- No financial disclosures
- The use of budesonide-formoterol on an as needed basis, and as single maintenance and reliever therapy (SMART) is off-label use in the US

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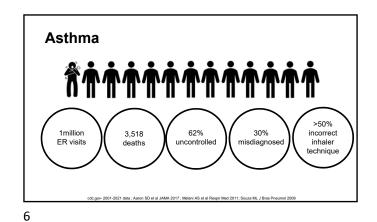
"Heterogenous disease, usually characterized by chronic airway inflammation.

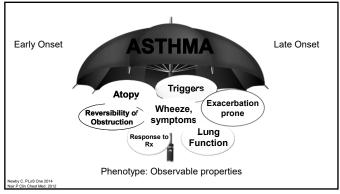
It is defined by the history of respiratory symptoms such as wheeze, shortness of breath, chest tightness and cough that vary over time and in intensity, together with variable airflow limitation.

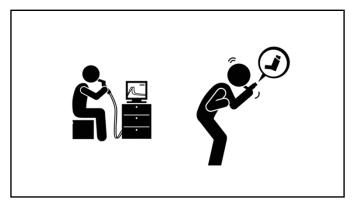
One or more symptoms may predominate. Airflow limitation may later become persistent."

Mauad et al. BMC Pulmonary Medicine 2018 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12890-018-0615

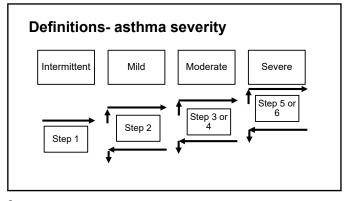
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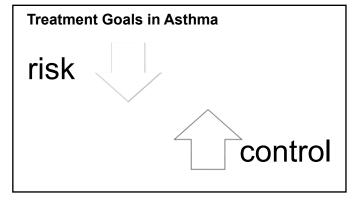
# **Definitions- treatment class**

- ICS: Inhaled Corticosteroid
  - Budesonide, mometasone, fluticasone, beclomethasone etc
- LABA: Long-Acting Beta Agonist
  - Formoterol, salmeterol, vilanterol as ICS- combination therapy
- SABA: Short-Acting Beta Agonist
  - Albuterol, levalbuterol
- LAMA: Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists
  - Tiotropium, umeclidium, glycopyrrolate etc

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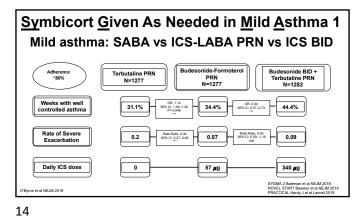
# **Definitions- treatment concepts**

- (S)MART: single Maintenance and Reliever Therapy
  - Most data in budesonide-formoterol
  - "ICS-formoterol"
  - Not just a single inhaler- need 2! (home and school/work)

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- AIR: Anti-inflammatory Reliever
  - Inhaled corticosteroid- formoterol
  - Budesonide- albuterol
  - AIR- only, ICS LABA with AIR therapy, MART provides AIR



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# ICS- formoterol provides superior exacerbation reduction across asthma spectrum

Table I. Risk of severe asthma exacerbations with ICS/formoterol reliever vs SABA reliever according to maintenance treatment

ICS/formoterol alone vs SABA alone<sup>14</sup>

OR, 0.45; 95% Cl, 0.34-0.60

ICS/formoterol alone vs iow-dose ICS plus SABA<sup>14</sup>

OR, 0.79; 95% Cl, 0.59-1.07

ICS/formoterol SMART vs same-dose ICS plus SABA<sup>13</sup>

RR, 0.64; 95% Cl, 0.53-0.78

ICS/formoterol SMART vs same-dose ICS plus SABA<sup>13</sup>

RR, 0.59; 95% Cl, 0.49-0.71

ICS/formoterol SMART vs 2-dose ICS/ILABA plus SABA<sup>13</sup>

RR, 0.68; 95% Cl, 0.50-0.80

ICS/formoterol SMART vs 2-dose ICS/ILABA plus SABA<sup>13</sup>

RR, 0.77; 95% Cl, 0.60-0.98

Beasley R J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract. 2023 - Creative Commons License

# **Anti-Inflammatory Reliever Therapy**

- Deliver reliever with ICS
  - Treat symptoms and inflammatory etiology
- How to dose AIR:
  - Budesonide- Formoterol 160/4.5 mcg 1 puff PRN
  - Budesonide- Formoterol 80/4.5 mcg 2 puff PRN
  - As of 2024: Budesonide- Albuterol 80/90 2 puff PRN
  - Max daily: 12 inhalations

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# What about ICS-Albuterol?

- 12 + with uncontrolled moderate to severe asthma on scheduled ICS +/- LABA
- Budesonide-Albuterol 160/180 PRN reduced risk of severe exacerbation compared to albuterol 180 alone (n= 3.123)
- Both albuterol and budesonide components contribute efficacy in improved lung function
- Ongoing trial using BUD-ALB as step 1 therapy

MANDALA Papi A NEJM 2022 | DENALI Chipps B CHEST 2023 | BATURA design LaForce C J Asthma Allergy 2024

# **Budesonide- albuterol labelling**

- As needed treatment or prevention of bronchoconstriction and to reduce the risk of exacerbations in patients ≥18 years of age with asthma.
- AIR added to maintenance ICS therapy

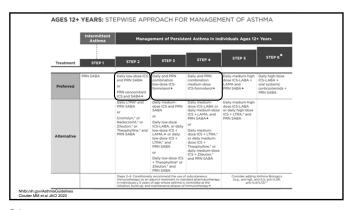
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# GLOBAL INITIATIVE FOR ASTHMA U.S. Department of Health and Human Services National Institutes of Health National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute NIH/NAEPP Expert Panel Report Generativa array National productions

GINA 2024 – Adults & adolescents
12+ years

Personalized atthms management
Assists, Again, Advanced from the Control of the Co

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# SABA only therapy in adults: out of favor

- Adverse effects and clinical outcomes
- Even mild asthma at risk for severe exacerbation and fatal events
- Disease of bronchoconstriction Inflammation
  - Patient conceptualized primary treatment matters
- Pragmatic consideration: adherence to scheduled Rx

usser Allergy 2007 | Suissa S et al Am J Respir Crit Care Med 1994 | Aldridge RE et al Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2000 | Hancox RJ et al Respir Med 200

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- Titration of ICS to symptoms more effective at preventing exacerbations
- Anti-inflammatory reliever across all steps of asthma therapy:
  - ICS-formoterol MART or
  - ICS-SABA
- Paradigmatic change

